Test Booklet Code

ANKHA

No.:

This Booklet contains 24 pages.

Do not open this Test Booklet until you are asked to do so.

Important Instructions:

- 1. The Answer Sheet is inside this Test Booklet. When you are directed to open the Test Booklet, take out the Answer Sheet and fill in the particulars on **side-1** and **side-2** carefully with **blue/black** ball point pen only.
- 2. The test is of **3 hours** duration and Test Booklet contains **180** questions. Each question carries **4** marks. For each correct response, the candidate will get **4** marks. For each incorrect response, **one mark** will be deducted from the total scores. The maximum marks are **720**.
- 3. Use Blue/Black Ball Point Pen only for writing particulars on this page/marking responses.
- 4. Rough work is to be done on the space provided for this purpose in the Test Booklet only.
- 5. On completion of the test, the candidate must hand over the Answer Sheet to the invigilator before leaving the Room/Hall. The candidates are allowed to take away this Test Booklet with them.
- 6. The CODE for this Booklet is **F2**. Make sure that the CODE printed on **Side-2** of the Answer Sheet is the same as that on this Test Booklet. In case of discrepancy, the candidate should immediately report the matter to the Invigilator for replacement of both the Test Booklet and the Answer Sheet.
- 7. The candidates should ensure that the Answer Sheet is not folded. Do not make any stray marks on the Answer Sheet. Do not write your Roll No. anywhere else except in the specified space in the Test Booklet/Answer Sheet.
- 8. Use of white fluid for correction is **NOT** permissible on the Answer Sheet.
- 9. Each candidate must show on demand his/her Admit Card to the Invigilator.
- 10. No candidate, without special permission of the Superintendent or Invigilator, would leave his/her seat.
- 11. The candidates should not leave the Examination Hall without handing over their Answer Sheet to the Invigilator on duty and sign the Attendance Sheet twice. Cases where a candidate has not signed the Attendance Sheet second time will be deemed not to have handed over the Answer Sheet and dealt with as an unfair means case.
- 12. Use of Electronic/Manual Calculator is prohibited.
- 13. The candidates are governed by all Rules and Regulations of the examination with regard to their conduct in the Examination Hall. All cases of unfair means will be dealt with as per Rules and Regulations of this examination.
- 14. No part of the Test Booklet and Answer Sheet shall be detached under any circumstances.
- 15. The candidates will write the Correct Test Booklet Code as given in the Test Booklet/Answer Sheet in the Attendance Sheet.

Name of the Car	ndidate (in Capitals) :		
Roll Number	: in figures		
Centre of Exami			
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Invigilator's Signature :	
Facsimile signat	ture stamp of		
Centre Superint	endent :		

- **10.** Which of the following statements about inclusion bodies is **incorrect**?
 - (1) They lie free in the cytoplasm.
 - (2) These represent reserve material in cytoplasm.
 - (3) They are not bound by any membrane.
 - (4) These are involved in ingestion of food particles.
- 11. Strobili or cones are found in:
 - (1) Marchantia
 - (2) Equisetum
 - (3) Salvinia
 - (4) Pteris
- **12.** Montreal protocol was signed in 1987 for control of :
 - (1) Release of Green House gases
 - (2) Disposal of e-wastes
 - (3) Transport of Genetically modified organisms from one country to another
 - (4) Emission of ozone depleting substances
- **13.** Which of the following statements is **correct**?
 - (1) Adenine pairs with thymine through three H-bonds.
 - (2) Adenine does not pair with thymine.
 - (3) Adenine pairs with thymine through two H-bonds.
 - (4) Adenine pairs with thymine through one H-bond.
- **14.** The body of the ovule is fused within the funicle at:
 - (1) Nucellus
 - (2) Chalaza
 - (3) Hilum
 - (4) Micropyle
- **15.** The sequence that controls the copy number of the linked DNA in the vector, is termed:
 - (1) Palindromic sequence
 - (2) Recognition site
 - (3) Selectable marker
 - (4) Ori site

- **16.** Identify the **wrong** statement with regard to Restriction Enzymes.
 - (1) They are useful in genetic engineering.
 - (2) Sticky ends can be joined by using DNA ligases.
 - (3) Each restriction enzyme functions by inspecting the length of a DNA sequence.
 - (4) They cut the strand of DNA at palindromic sites.
- 17. The product(s) of reaction catalyzed by nitrogenase in root nodules of leguminous plants is/are:
 - (1) Ammonia and oxygen
 - (2) Ammonia and hydrogen
 - (3) Ammonia alone
 - (4) Nitrate alone
- **18.** In light reaction, plastoquinone facilitates the transfer of electrons from :
 - (1) PS-I to NADP+
 - (2) PS-I to ATP synthase
 - (3) PS-II to Cytb₆f complex
 - (4) Cytb₆f complex to PS-I
- Which of the following hormone levels will cause release of ovum (ovulation) from the graffian follicle?
 - (1) Low concentration of LH
 - (2) Low concentration of FSH
 - (3) High concentration of Estrogen
 - (4) High concentration of Progesterone
- **20.** The first phase of translation is:
 - (1) Aminoacylation of tRNA
 - (2) Recognition of an anti-codon
 - (3) Binding of mRNA to ribosome
 - (4) Recognition of DNA molecule
- **21.** The roots that originate from the base of the stem are :
 - (1) Prop roots
 - (2) Lateral roots
 - (3) Fibrous roots
 - (4) Primary roots

- **31.** From his experiments, S.L. Miller produced amino acids by mixing the following in a closed flask:
 - (1) CH_4 , H_2 , NH_3 and water vapor at $600^{\circ}C$
 - (2) CH₃, H₂, NH₃ and water vapor at 600°C
 - (3) CH₄, H₂, NH₃ and water vapor at 800°C
 - (4) CH_3 , H_2 , NH_4 and water vapor at $800^{\circ}C$
- **32.** Identify the basic amino acid from the following.
 - (1) Lysine
 - (2) Valine
 - (3) Tyrosine
 - (4) Glutamic Acid
- **33.** Snow-blindness in Antarctic region is due to:
 - (1) High reflection of light from snow
 - (2) Damage to retina caused by infra-red rays
 - (3) Freezing of fluids in the eye by low temperature
 - (4) Inflammation of cornea due to high dose of UV-B radiation
- 34. Some dividing cells exit the cell cycle and enter vegetative inactive stage. This is called quiescent stage (G_0) . This process occurs at the end of:
 - (1) S phase
 - (2) G₂ phase
 - (3) M phase
 - (4) G_1 phase
- **35.** Which of the following regions of the globe exhibits highest species diversity?
 - (1) Himalayas
 - (2) Amazon forests
 - (3) Western Ghats of India
 - (4) Madagascar

- **36.** Identify the **incorrect** statement.
 - (1) Sapwood is the innermost secondary xylem and is lighter in colour.
 - (2) Due to deposition of tannins, resins, oils etc., heart wood is dark in colour.
 - (3) Heart wood does not conduct water but gives mechanical support.
 - (4) Sapwood is involved in conduction of water and minerals from root to leaf.
- **37.** Floridean starch has structure similar to:
 - (1) Mannitol and algin
 - (2) Laminarin and cellulose
 - (3) Starch and cellulose
 - (4) Amylopectin and glycogen
- **38.** Which of the following is **not** an attribute of a population?
 - (1) Mortality
 - (2) Species interaction
 - (3) Sex ratio
 - (4) Natality
- **39.** The number of substrate level phosphorylations in one turn of citric acid cycle is :
 - (1) Two
 - (2) Three
 - (3) Zero
 - (4) One
- **40.** Identify the **correct** statement with reference to human digestive system.
 - (1) Ileum is a highly coiled part.
 - (2) Vermiform appendix arises from duodenum.
 - (3) Ileum opens into small intestine.
 - (4) Serosa is the innermost layer of the alimentary canal.
- **41.** In which of the following techniques, the embryos are transferred to assist those females who cannot conceive?
 - (1) ICSI and ZIFT
 - (2) GIFT and ICSI
 - (3) ZIFT and IUT
 - (4) GIFT and ZIFT

F2 6

- **42.** In relation to Gross primary productivity and Net primary productivity of an ecosystem, which one of the following statements is **correct**?
 - (1) Gross primary productivity and Net primary productivity are one and same.
 - (2) There is no relationship between Gross primary productivity and Net primary productivity.
 - (3) Gross primary productivity is always less than net primary productivity.
 - (4) Gross primary productivity is always more than net primary productivity.
- 43. Name the plant growth regulator which upon spraying on sugarcane crop, increases the length of stem, thus increasing the yield of sugarcane crop.
 - (1) Ethylene
 - (2) Abscisic acid
 - (3) Cytokinin
 - (4) Gibberellin
- **44.** Secondary metabolites such as nicotine, strychnine and caffeine are produced by plants for their:
 - (1) Defence action
 - (2) Effect on reproduction
 - (3) Nutritive value
 - (4) Growth response
- 45. Select the correct match.
 - (1) Sickle cell anaemia

Autosomal recessive trait, chromosome-11

- (2) Thalassemia Xlinked
- (3) Haemophilia Ylinked
- (4) Phenylketonuria Autosomal dominant trait
- **46.** Select the **correct** statement.
 - (1) Insulin acts on pancreatic cells and adipocytes.
 - (2) Insulin is associated with hyperglycemia.
 - (3) Glucocorticoids stimulate gluconeogenesis.
 - (4) Glucagon is associated with hypoglycemia.

- **47.** Which of the following refer to **correct** example(s) of organisms which have evolved due to changes in environment brought about by anthropogenic action?
 - (a) Darwin's Finches of Galapagos islands.
 - (b) Herbicide resistant weeds.
 - (c) Drug resistant eukaryotes.
 - (d) Man-created breeds of domesticated animals like dogs.
 - (1) (b), (c) and (d)
 - (2) only (d)
 - (3) only (a)
 - (4) (a) and (c)
- 48. Choose the **correct** pair from the following:
 - (1) Nucleases Separate the two strands of DNA
 - (2) Exonucleases Make cuts at specific positions within DNA
 - (3) Ligases Join the two DNA molecules
 - (4) Polymerases Break the DNA into fragments
- **49.** Embryological support for evolution was disapproved by:
 - (1) Charles Darwin
 - (2) Oparin
 - (3) Karl Ernst von Baer
 - (4) Alfred Wallace
- **50.** Goblet cells of alimentary canal are modified from:
 - (1) Chondrocytes
 - (2) Compound epithelial cells
 - (3) Squamous epithelial cells
 - (4) Columnar epithelial cells
- **51.** Bt cotton variety that was developed by the introduction of toxin gene of *Bacillus thuringiensis* (Bt) is resistant to:
 - (1) Plant nematodes
 - (2) Insect predators
 - (3) Insect pests
 - (4) Fungal diseases

- **52.** Which of the following statements are **true** for the phylum-Chordata?
 - (a) In Urochordata notochord extends from head to tail and it is present throughout their life
 - (b) In Vertebrata notochord is present during the embryonic period only.
 - (c) Central nervous system is dorsal and hollow.
 - (d) Chordata is divided into 3 subphyla : Hemichordata, Tunicata and Cephalochordata.
 - (1) (a) and (b)
 - (2) (b) and (c)
 - (3) (d) and (c)
 - (4) (c) and (a)
- **53.** Which of the following is put into Anaerobic sludge digester for further sewage treatment?
 - (1) Effluents of primary treatment
 - (2) Activated sludge
 - (3) Primary sludge
 - (4) Floating debris
- **54.** Identify the substances having glycosidic bond and peptide bond, respectively in their structure:
 - (1) Cellulose, lecithin
 - (2) Inulin, insulin
 - (3) Chitin, cholester
 - (4) Glycerol, trypsin
- **55.** Match the following diseases with the causative organism and select the **correct** option.

	Colu	ımn -	Column - II		
(a)	Typh	noid		(i)	Wuchereria
(b)	Pneu	Pneumonia			Plasmodium
(c)	Filariasis			(iii)	Salmonella
(d)	Mala	Malaria			${\it Hae mophilus}$
	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	
(1)	(ii)	(i)	(iii)	(iv)	
(2)	(iv)	(i)	(ii)	(iii)	
(3)	(i)	(iii)	(ii)	(iv)	
(4)	(iii)	(iv)	(i)	(ii)	

56. Match the following columns and select the **correct** option.

	Colu	ımn -	I		Column - II
(a)	Closi	tridiur	n	(i)	Cyclosporin-A
	buty	licum			
(b)	Trick	hodern	na	(ii)	Butyric Acid
	polys	sporun	n		
(c)	Mon	ascus		(iii)	Citric Acid
	purp	ureus			
(d)	Aspe	rgillus	sniger	(iv)	Blood cholesterol
					lowering agent
	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	
(1)	(i)	(ii)	(iv)	(iii)	
(2)	(iv)	(iii)	(ii)	(i)	
(3)	(iii)	(iv)	(ii)	(i)	
(4)	(ii)	(i)	(iv)	(iii)	
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- 57. By which method was a new breed 'Hisardale' of sheep formed by using Bikaneri ewes and Marino rams?
 - (1) Cross breeding
 - (2) Inbreeding
 - (3) Out crossing
 - (4) Mutational breeding
- **58.** Select the **correct** events that occur during inspiration.
 - (a) Contraction of diaphragm
 - (b) Contraction of external inter-costal muscles
 - (c) Pulmonary volume decreases
 - (d) Intra pulmonary pressure increases
 - (1) (a), (b) and (d)
 - (2) only (d)
 - (3) (a) and (b)
 - (4) (c) and (d)
- **59.** Match the following columns and select the **correct** option.

	Colu	Column - I				lumn - II
(a)	Greg pest	arious	, polyp	hagou	s (i)	Asterias
(b)	symi	t with netry : bilate	and la	rva nmetry	(ii)	Scorpion
(c)	Book	lungs			(iii)	Ctenoplana
(d)	Biolu	ımines	cence		(iv)	Locusta
	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)		
(1)	(iii)	(ii)	(i)	(iv)		
(2)	(ii)	(i)	(iii)	(iv)		
(3)	(i)	(iii)	(ii)	(iv)		
(4)	(iv)	(i)	(ii)	(iii)		

69.	Match the following columns and select the
	correct option.

	Colu	ımn -	I		Column - II
(a)	Floa	ting Ri	bs	(i)	Located between second and seventh ribs
(b)	Acro	Acromion			Head of the Humerus
(c)	Scapula			(iii)	Clavicle
(d)	Glenoid cavity			(iv)	Do not connect with the sternum
	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	
(1)	(iii)	(ii)	(iv)	(i)	
(2)	(iv)	(iii)	(i)	(ii)	
(3)	(ii)	(iv)	(i)	(iii)	
(4)	(i)	(iii)	(ii)	(iv)	

- 70. If the distance between two consecutive base pairs is 0.34 nm and the total number of base pairs of a DNA double helix in a typical mammalian cell is 6.6×10^9 bp, then the length of the DNA is approximately:
 - (1) 2.2 meters
 - (2) 2.7 meters
 - (3) 2.0 meters
 - (4) 2.5 meters
- 71. Presence of which of the following conditions in urine are indicative of Diabetes Mellitus?
 - (1) Ketonuria and Cycosuria
 - (2) Renal calculi and Hyperglycaemia
 - (3) Uremia and Ketonuria
 - (4) Uremia and Renal Calculi
- **72.** Bilaterally symmetrical and acoelomate animals are exemplified by :
 - (1) Aschelminthes
 - (2) Annelida
 - (3) Ctenophora
 - (4) Platyhelminthes
- **73.** Ray florets have:
 - (1) Hypogynous ovary
 - (2) Half inferior ovary
 - (3) Inferior ovary
 - (4) Superior ovary

- **74.** The infectious stage of *Plasmodium* that enters the human body is:
 - (1) Female gametocytes
 - (2) Male gametocytes
 - (3) Trophozoites
 - (4) Sporozoites
- 75. Which of the following statements is **not** correct?
 - (1) The functional insulin has A and B chains linked together by hydrogen bonds.
 - (2) Genetically engineered insulin is produced in *E-Coli*.
 - (3) In man insulin is synthesised as a proinsulin.
 - (4) The proinsulin has an extra peptide called C-peptide.
- **76.** In water hyacinth and water lily, pollination takes place by:
 - (1) wind and water
 - (2) insects and water
 - (3) insects or wind
 - (4) water currents only
- 77. Cuboidal epithelium with brush border of microvilli is found in:
 - (1) proximal convoluted tubule of nephron
 - (2) eustachian tube
 - (3) lining of intestine
 - (4) ducts of salivary glands
- 78. Match the following columns and select the correct option.

	Colu	ımn -	I	Column - II	
(a)	Pitui	Pituitary gland			Grave's disease
(b)	Thyr	Thyroid gland			Diabetes mellitus
(c)	Adre	Adrenal gland			Diabetes insipidus
(d)	Pano	Pancreas			Addison's disease
	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	
(1)	(iii)	(i)	(iv)	(ii)	
(2)	(ii)	(i)	(iv)	(iii)	
(3)	(iv)	(iii)	(i)	(ii)	
(4)	(iii)	(ii)	(i)	(iv)	

87.		ch of the following is not an inhibitor; tance governing seed dormancy?
	(1)	Phenolic acid
	(2)	Para-ascorbic acid
	(3)	Gibberellic acid
	(4)	Abscisic acid
88.		ch the following columns and select the rect option.

88.	Match	tne	following	columns	and	select	tne
	correc	t opt	ion.				
	(Colu	mn - I	(Colur	nn - II	
		_					

- Organ of Corti (i) Connects middle (a) ear and pharynx
- Cochlea Coiled part of the (b) (ii)labyrinth
- (c) Eustachian tube (iii) Attached to the oval window
- (d) Stapes (iv) Located on the basilar membrane
- (a) (b) **(c)** (d) (1)(iv) (ii)(i) (iii) (2)(iii) (i) (ii)(iv) (3)(iv) (ii) (iii) (i)
- (4)(iii) (i) (iv)

The ovary is half inferior in: 89.

- Sunflower (1)
- (2)Plum
- (3)Brinial
- (4) Mustard
- 90. Match the following:
 - Inhibitor of catalytic Ricin (a) (i) activity
 - (b) Possess peptide bonds Malonate (ii)
 - Cell wall material in (iii) Chitin (c) fungi
 - Secondary metabolite (d) (iv) Collagen Choose the **correct** option from the following:
 - (d) (a) (b) **(c)** (1) (iii) (iv) (i) (ii)(2)(ii) (iii) (i) (iv) (3)(ii) (iv) (iii) (i) (4)(iv) (ii) (iii) (i)

- 91. Which of the following oxoacid of sulphur has -O-O-linkage?
 - (1) H₂S₂O₈, peroxodisulphuric acid
 - (2)H₂S₂O₇, pyrosulphuric acid
 - (3)H₂SO₃, sulphurous acid
 - (4) H₂SO₄, sulphuric acid
- 92. An increase in the concentration of the reactants of a reaction leads to change in:
 - (1) threshold energy
 - (2)collision frequency
 - (3)activation energy
 - (4) heat of reaction
- 93. Identify the incorrect match.

	V	Name	IUP	AC Official Name
	(a)	Unnilunium	(i)	Mendelevium
1	(b)	Unniltrium	(ii)	Lawrencium
,	(c)	Unnilhexium	(iii)	Seaborgium
	(d)	Unununnium	(iv)	Darmstadtium
	(1)	(c), (iii)		
	(2)	(d), (iv)		
	(3)	(a), (i)		
	(4)	(b), (ii)		

A mixture of N_2 and Ar gases in a cylinder contains $7 \,\mathrm{g}$ of N_2 and $8 \,\mathrm{g}$ of Ar. If the total pressure of the mixture of the gases in the cylinder is 27 bar, the partial pressure of N_2 is:

[Use atomic masses (in g mol⁻¹): N = 14, Ar = 40]

- (1) 15 bar
- (2)18 bar
- 9 bar (3)
- (4) 12 bar

95. Reaction between benzaldehyde and acetophenone in presence of dilute NaOH is known as:

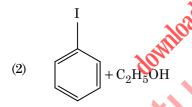
- (1) Cross Cannizzaro's reaction
- (2) Cross Aldol condensation
- (3) Aldol condensation
- (4) Cannizzaro's reaction

96. Which one of the followings has maximum number of atoms?

- (1) $1 \text{ g of } O_2(g) \text{ [Atomic mass of } O = 16]$
- (2) 1 g of Li(s) [Atomic mass of Li = 7]
- (3) 1 g of Ag(s) [Atomic mass of Ag = 108]
- (4) 1 g of Mg(s) [Atomic mass of Mg = 24]

97. Anisole on cleavage with HI gives:

$$(1) \hspace{3.1cm} \begin{array}{c} \text{OH} \\ \\ \\ \end{array} + \text{C}_2 \text{H}_5 \text{I} \\ \end{array}$$



(3)
$$+ CH_3I$$

(4)
$$+ CH_3OH$$

98. Which of the following amine will give the carbylamine test?

$$(1) \qquad \begin{array}{c} N(CH_3)_2 \\ \\ \end{array}$$



99. Identify the **incorrect** statement.

- (1) Interstitial compounds are those that are formed when small atoms like H, C or N are trapped inside the crystal lattices of metals.
- (2) The oxidation states of chromium in ${\rm CrO}_4^{2-}$ and ${\rm Cr}_2{\rm O}_7^{2-}$ are not the same.
- (3) $Cr^{2+}(d^4)$ is a stronger reducing agent than $Fe^{2+}(d^6)$ in water.
- (4) The transition metals and their compounds are known for their catalytic activity due to their ability to adopt multiple oxidation states and to form complexes.

100. Which of the following is a basic amino acid?

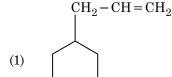
- (1) Tyrosine
- (2) Lysine
- (3) Serine
- (4) Alanine

- **101.** Which of the following is a natural polymer?
 - (1) polybutadiene
 - (2) poly (Butadiene-acrylonitrile)
 - (3) *cis*-1,4-polyisoprene
 - (4) poly (Butadiene-styrene)
- **102.** Match the following and identify the **correct** option.
 - (a) $CO(g) + H_2(g)$
- (i) $Mg(HCO_3)_2 + Ca(HCO_3)_2$
- (b) Temporary hardness of water
- (ii) An electron deficient hydride
- (c) B_2H_6
- (iii) Synthesis gas
- (d) H_2O_2
- (iv) Non-planar structure
- (a)
- (b) (c) (d)
- (1) (iii) (iv) (i (2) (i) (iii) (i

(i)

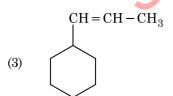
(ii)

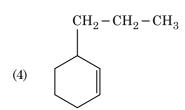
- (ii) (i)
- (3) (iii)
- (ii) (iv) (ii) (iv)
- (4) (iii)
- (i) (iv)
- **103.** An alkene on ozonolysis gives methanal as one of the product. Its structure is:



CH₂CH₂CH₃

(2)





104. The rate constant for a first order reaction is $4.606 \times 10^{-3} \text{ s}^{-1}$. The time required to reduce 2.0 g of the reactant to 0.2 g is:

- (1) 500 s
- (2) 1000 s
- (3) 100 s
- (4) 200 s

105. On electrolysis of dil.sulphuric acid using Platinum (Pt) electrode, the product obtained at anode will be:

- H_2S gas
- (2) SO_2 gas
- (3) Hydrogen gas
- (4) Oxygen gas

106. An element has a body centered cubic (bcc) structure with a cell edge of 288 pm. The atomic radius is:

- (1) $\frac{4}{\sqrt{3}} \times 288 \text{ pm}$
- (2) $\frac{4}{\sqrt{2}} \times 288 \text{ pm}$
- (3) $\frac{\sqrt{3}}{4} \times 288 \text{ pm}$
- (4) $\frac{\sqrt{2}}{4} \times 288 \text{ pm}$

107. Sucrose on hydrolysis gives:

- (1) α -D-Glucose + β -D-Fructose
- (2) α -D-Fructose + β -D-Fructose
- β-D-Glucose + α-D-Fructose
- (4) α -D-Glucose + β -D-Glucose

108. Which of the following is **not** correct about carbon monoxide?

- (1) The carboxyhaemoglobin (haemoglobin bound to CO) is less stable than oxyhaemoglobin.
- (2) It is produced due to incomplete combustion.
- (3) It forms carboxyhaemoglobin.
- (4) It reduces oxygen carrying ability of blood.

109. The mixture which shows positive deviation from Raoult's law is:

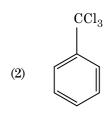
- (1) Acetone + Chloroform
- (2) Chloroethane + Bromoethane
- (3) Ethanol + Acetone
- (4) Benzene + Toluene

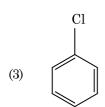
110. Identify compound X in the following sequence of reactions:

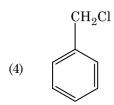
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$$\begin{array}{c|c} \text{CH}_3 & \text{CHO} \\ \hline \\ \hline \\ \hline \\ \hline \\ \hline \\ \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} \text{Cl}_2/\text{h}\nu \\ \hline \\ \hline \\ \end{array} \\ \text{X} \xrightarrow{\text{H}_2\text{O}} \\ \hline \\ \hline \\ \end{array}$$

$$(1) \qquad \begin{array}{c} \text{CHCl}_2 \\ \end{array}$$







111. The freezing point depression constant (K_f) of benzene is $5.12~K~kg~mol^{-1}$. The freezing point depression for the solution of molality 0.078 m containing a non-electrolyte solute in benzene is (rounded off upto two decimal places):

- (1) 0.40 K
- (2) 0.60 K
- (3) 0.20 K
- (4) 0.80 K

112. Which of the following is a cationic detergent?

- (1) Cetyltrimethyl ammonium bromide
- (2) Sodium dodecylbenzene sulphonate
- (3) Sodium lauryl sulphate
- (4) Sodium stearate

113. Paper chromatography is an example of:

- (1) Thin layer chromatography
- (2) Column chromatography
- (3) Adsorption chromatography
- (4) Partition chromatography

114. Identify the **correct** statement from the following:

- (1) Vapour phase refining is carried out for Nickel by Van Arkel method.
- (2) Pig iron can be moulded into a variety of shapes.
- (3) Wrought iron is impure iron with 4% carbon.
- (4) Blister copper has blistered appearance due to evolution of CO_2 .

115. What is the change in oxidation number of carbon in the following reaction?

 $CH_4(g) + 4Cl_2(g) \rightarrow CCl_4(l) + 4HCl(g)$

- (1) -4 to +4
- (2) 0 to -4
- (3) +4 to +4
- (4) 0 to + 4

- **116.** Elimination reaction of 2-Bromo-pentane to form pent-2-ene is :
 - (a) β-Elimination reaction
 - (b) Follows Zaitsev rule
 - (c) Dehydrohalogenation reaction
 - (d) Dehydration reaction
 - (1) (b), (c), (d)
 - (2) (a), (b), (d)
 - (3) (a), (b), (c)
 - (4) (a), (c), (d)
- **117.** Hydrolysis of sucrose is given by the following reaction.

 $Sucrose + H_2O \rightleftharpoons Glucose + Fructose$

If the equilibrium constant (K_c) is 2×10^{13} at 300 K, the value of $\Delta_r G^\ominus$ at the same temperature will be :

- (1) $8.314 \,\mathrm{J}\,\mathrm{mol}^{-1}\mathrm{K}^{-1} \times 300 \,\mathrm{K} \times \ln(3 \times 10^{13})$
- (2) $-8.314 \,\mathrm{J}\,\mathrm{mol}^{-1}\mathrm{K}^{-1} \times 300 \,\mathrm{K} \times \ln(4 \times 10^{13})$
- (3) $-8.314 \,\mathrm{J}\,\mathrm{mol}^{-1}\mathrm{K}^{-1} \times 300 \,\mathrm{K} \times \ln(2 \times 10^{13})$
- (4) $8.314 \,\mathrm{J}\,\mathrm{mol}^{-1}\mathrm{K}^{-1} \times 300 \,\mathrm{K} \times \ln(2 \times 10^{13})$
- 118. Match the following:

Oxide

(iv)

(i)

- (a) CO
- (i) Basic
- (b) BaO
- (ii) Neutral
- (c) Al_2O_3
- (iii) Acidic
- (d) Cl_2O_7
- (iv) Ampleterio

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Which of the following is **correct** option?

- (a)
- (b) (c) 💉
- (1) (iii)
- (i) (ii)
- (2) (iv)
- (iii) (ii) (i)
- (3) (i)
- (ii) (iii)
- (4) (ii)
- (iv) (iii)
- 119. Identify a molecule which does **not** exist.
 - (1) C_2
 - (2) O_2
 - (3) He₂
 - (4) Li₂
- 120. The number of Faradays(F) required to produce 20 g of calcium from molten $CaCl_2$ (Atomic mass of Ca = 40 g mol⁻¹) is:
 - (1) 3
 - $(2) \qquad 4$
 - (3) 1
 - (4) 2

- 121. Urea reacts with water to form A which will decompose to form B. B when passed through Cu^{2+} (aq), deep blue colour solution C is formed. What is the formula of C from the following?
 - (1) $Cu(OH)_2$

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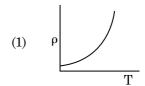
- (2) $CuCO_3 \cdot Cu(OH)_2$
- (3) CuSO₄
- (4) $[Cu(NH_3)_4]^{2+}$
- **122.** Reaction between acetone and methylmagnesium chloride followed by hydrolysis will give:
 - (1) Tert. butyl alcohol
 - (2) Isobutyl alcohol
 - (3) Isopropyl alcohol
 - (4) Sec. butyl alcohol
- 123. The number of protons, neutrons and electrons in ${}^{175}_{71}$ Lu, respectively, are:
 - (1) 71, 71 and 104
 - (2) 175, 104 and 71
 - (3) 71, 104 and 71
 - (4) 104, 71 and 71
- 124. Which of the following alkane cannot be made in good yield by Wurtz reaction?
 - (1) n-Heptane
 - (2) n-Butane
 - (3) n-Hexane
 - (4) 2,3-Dimethylbutane
- **125.** HCl was passed through a solution of CaCl₂, MgCl₂ and NaCl. Which of the following compound(s) crystallise(s)?
 - (1) Only MgCl₂
 - (2) NaCl, MgCl₂ and CaCl₂
 - (3) Both $MgCl_2$ and $CaCl_2$
 - (4) Only NaCl
- **126.** Measuring Zeta potential is useful in determining which property of colloidal solution?
 - (1) Stability of the colloidal particles
 - (2) Size of the colloidal particles
 - (3) Viscosity
 - (4) Solubility

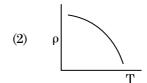
- 127. Find out the solubility of Ni(OH)₂ in 0.1 M NaOH. Given that the ionic product of Ni(OH)₂ is 2×10^{-15} .
 - (1) $1 \times 10^{-13} \,\mathrm{M}$
 - (2) $1 \times 10^8 \,\mathrm{M}$
 - (3) $2 \times 10^{-13} \,\mathrm{M}$
 - (4) $2 \times 10^{-8} \,\mathrm{M}$
- 128. For the reaction, $2Cl(g) \to Cl_2(g),$ the correct option is :
 - (1) $\Delta_r H < 0$ and $\Delta_r S > 0$
 - (2) $\Delta_r H < 0$ and $\Delta_r S < 0$
 - (3) $\Delta_{\rm r} {\rm H} > 0$ and $\Delta_{\rm r} {\rm S} > 0$
 - (4) $\Delta_{\rm r} {
 m H} > 0$ and $\Delta_{\rm r} {
 m S} < 0$
- **129.** The calculated spin only magnetic moment of Cr^{2+} ion is:
 - (1) 5.92 BM
 - (2) 2.84 BM
 - (3) 3.87 BM
 - (4) 4.90 BM
- **130.** Identify the **correct** statements from the following:
 - (a) $CO_2(g)$ is used as refrigerant for ice-cream and frozen food.
 - (b) The structure of C_{cc} contains twelve six carbon rings and twenty five carbon rings.
 - (c) ZSM-5, a type of zeolite, is used to convert alcohols into gasoline.
 - (d) CO is colorless and odourless gas.
 - (1) (b) and (c) only
 - (2) (c) and (d) only
 - (3) (a), (b) and (c) only
 - (4) (a) and (c) only
- 131. The following metal ion activates many enzymes, participates in the oxidation of glucose to produce ATP and with Na, is responsible for the transmission of nerve signals.
 - (1) Calcium
 - (2) Potassium
 - (3) Iron
 - (4) Copper

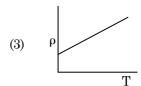
- **132.** Which of the following set of molecules will have zero dipole moment?
 - (1) Nitrogen trifluoride, beryllium difluoride, water, 1,3-dichlorobenzene
 - (2) Boron trifluoride, beryllium difluoride, carbon dioxide, 1,4-dichlorobenzene
 - (3) Ammonia, beryllium difluoride, water, 1,4-dichlorobenzene
 - (4) Boron trifluoride, hydrogen fluoride, carbon dioxide, 1,3-dichlorobenzene
- **133.** The correct option for free expansion of an ideal gas under adiabatic condition is:
 - (1) $q < 0, \Delta T = 0 \text{ and } w = 0$
 - (2) $q > 0, \Delta T > 0 \text{ and } w > 0$
 - (3) $q = 0, \Delta T = 0 \text{ and } w = 0$
 - (4) $q = 0, \Delta T < 0 \text{ and } w > 0$
- 134. Which of the following is the **correct** order of increasing field strength of ligands to form coordination compounds?
 - (1) $F^- < SCN^- < C_2O_4^{2-} < CN^-$
 - (2) $CN^- < C_2O_4^{2-} < SCN^- < F^-$
 - (3) $SCN^- < F^- < C_2O_4^{2-} < CN^-$
 - (4) $SCN^- < F^- < CN^- < C_2O_4^{2-}$
- **135.** A tertiary butyl carbocation is more stable than a secondary butyl carbocation because of which of the following?
 - (1) -R effect of $-CH_3$ groups
 - (2) Hyperconjugation
 - (3) -I effect of $-CH_3$ groups
 - (4) + R effect of CH_3 groups

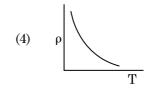
- 136. In a guitar, two strings A and B made of same material are slightly out of tune and produce beats of frequency 6 Hz. When tension in B is slightly decreased, the beat frequency increases to 7 Hz. If the frequency of A is 530 Hz, the original frequency of B will be:
 - (1) 536 Hz
 - (2) 537 Hz
 - (3) 523 Hz
 - (4) 524 Hz
- **137.** The increase in the width of the depletion region in a p-n junction diode is due to:
 - (1) both forward bias and reverse bias
 - (2) increase in forward current
 - (3) forward bias only
 - (4) reverse bias only
- 138. The quantities of heat required to raise the temperature of two solid copper spheres of radii ${\bf r}_1$ and ${\bf r}_2$ (${\bf r}_1$ =1.5 ${\bf r}_2$) through 1 K are in the ratio:
 - $(1) \qquad \frac{3}{2}$
 - (2) $\frac{5}{3}$
 - (3) $\frac{27}{8}$
 - (4) $\frac{9}{4}$
- 139. A series LCR circuit is connected to an ac voltage source. When L is removed from the circuit, the phase difference between current and voltage is $\frac{\pi}{3}$. If instead C is removed from the circuit, the phase difference is again $\frac{\pi}{3}$ between current and voltage. The power factor of the circuit is:
 - (1) 1.0
 - (2) -1.0
 - (3) zero
 - (4) 0.5

- 140. A ball is thrown vertically downward with a velocity of 20 m/s from the top of a tower. It hits the ground after some time with a velocity of 80 m/s. The height of the tower is: $(g = 10 \text{ m/s}^2)$
 - (1) 320 m
 - (2) 300 m
 - (3) 360 m
 - (4) 340 m
- 141. In Young's double slit experiment, if the separation between coherent sources is halved and the distance of the screen from the coherent sources is doubled, then the fringe width becomes:
 - (1) four times
 - (2) one-fourth
 - (3) double
 - (4) half
- Which of the following graph represents the variation of resistivity (ρ) with temperature (T) for copper?









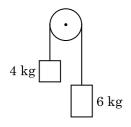
143. A long solenoid of 50 cm length having 100 turns carries a current of 2.5 A. The magnetic field at the centre of the solenoid is:

$$(\mu_0 = 4\pi \times 10^{-7} \text{ T m A}^{-1})$$

- (1) $6.28 \times 10^{-5} \,\mathrm{T}$
- (2) $3.14 \times 10^{-5} \,\mathrm{T}$
- (3) $6.28 \times 10^{-4} \,\mathrm{T}$
- (4) $3.14 \times 10^{-4} \,\mathrm{T}$
- 144. Light of frequency 1.5 times the threshold frequency is incident on a photosensitive material. What will be the photoelectric current if the frequency is halved and intensity is doubled?
 - (1) one-fourth
 - (2) zero
 - (3) doubled
 - (4) four times
- **145.** A screw gauge has least count of 0.01 mm and there are 50 divisions in its circular scale.

The pitch of the screw gauge is:

- (1) 0.5 mm
- (2) 1.0 mm
- (3) 0.01 mm
- (4) 0.25 mm
- 146. Two bodies of mass 4 kg and 6 kg are tied to the ends of a massless string. The string passes over a pulley which is frictionless (see figure). The acceleration of the system in terms of acceleration due to gravity (g) is:



- (1) g/5
- (2) g/10
- (3) g
- (4) g/2

- **147.** For transistor action, which of the following statements is **correct**?
 - (1) Both emitter junction as well as the collector junction are forward biased.
 - (2) The base region must be very thin and lightly doped.
 - (3) Base, emitter and collector regions should have same doping concentrations.
 - (4) Base, emitter and collector regions should have same size.
- **148.** For which one of the following, Bohr model is **not** valid?
 - (1) Deuteron atom
 - (2) Singly ionised neon atom (Ne +)
 - (3) Hydrogen atom
 - (4) Singly ionised helium atom (He⁺)
- 149. A capillary tube of radius r is immersed in water and water rises in it to a height h. The mass of the water in the capillary is 5 g. Another capillary tube of radius 2r is immersed in water. The mass of water that will rise in this tube is:
 - (1) 10.0 g
 - (2) 20.0 g
 - (3) 2.5 g
 - (4) 5.0 g
- 150. The ratio of contributions made by the electric field and magnetic field components to the intensity of an electromagnetic wave is : (c = speed of electromagnetic waves)
 - (1) 1: c
 - (2) $1:c^2$
 - (3) c:1
 - (4) 1:1
- 151. An iron rod of susceptibility 599 is subjected to a magnetising field of 1200 A m⁻¹. The permeability of the material of the rod is:

$$(\mu_0 = 4\pi \times 10^{-7} \text{ T m A}^{-1})$$

- (1) $2.4\pi \times 10^{-5} \text{ T m A}^{-1}$
- (2) $2.4\pi \times 10^{-7} \text{ T m A}^{-1}$
- (3) $2.4\pi \times 10^{-4} \text{ T m A}^{-1}$
- (4) $8.0 \times 10^{-5} \,\mathrm{T} \,\mathrm{m} \,\mathrm{A}^{-1}$
- **152.** The Brewsters angle i_h for an interface should be :
 - (1) $45^{\circ} < i_b < 90^{\circ}$
 - $(2) \qquad i_b = 90^\circ$
 - (3) $0^{\circ} < i_b < 30^{\circ}$
 - (4) $30^{\circ} < i_h < 45^{\circ}$

- **153.** The phase difference between displacement and acceleration of a particle in a simple harmonic motion is:
 - (1) $\frac{\pi}{2}$ rad
 - (2) zero
 - (3) $\pi \operatorname{rad}$
 - (4) $\frac{3\pi}{2}$ rad
- **154.** Two particles of mass 5 kg and 10 kg respectively are attached to the two ends of a rigid rod of length 1 m with negligible mass.

The centre of mass of the system from the 5 kg particle is nearly at a distance of:

- (1) 67 cm
- (2) 80 cm
- (3) 33 cm
- (4) 50 cm
- 155. A spherical conductor of radius 10 cm has a charge of 3.2×10^{-7} C distributed uniformly. What is the magnitude of electric field at a point 15 cm from the centre of the sphere?

$$\left(\frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_0} = 9 \times 10^9 \text{ N m}^2/\text{C}^2\right)$$

- (1) $1.28 \times 10^6 \text{ N/C}$
- (2) $1.28 \times 10^7 \text{ N/C}$
- (3) $1.28 \times 10^4 \text{ N/C}$
- (4) $1.28 \times 10^5 \,\text{N/C}$
- **156.** Assume that light of wavelength 600 nm is coming from a star. The limit of resolution of telescope whose objective has a diameter of 2 m is:
 - (1) $7.32 \times 10^{-7} \, \text{rad}$
 - (2) $6.00 \times 10^{-7} \, \text{rad}$
 - (3) $3.66 \times 10^{-7} \, \text{rad}$
 - (4) $1.83 \times 10^{-7} \, \text{rad}$
- 157. A charged particle having drift velocity of 7.5×10^{-4} m s⁻¹ in an electric field of 3×10^{-10} Vm⁻¹, has a mobility in m² V⁻¹ s⁻¹ of:
 - (1) 2.5×10^{-6}
 - (2) 2.25×10^{-15}
 - (3) 2.25×10^{15}
 - (4) 2.5×10^6

- **158.** Taking into account of the significant figures, what is the value of 9.99 m 0.0099 m?
 - (1) 9.980 m
 - (2) 9.9 m
 - (3) 9.9801 m
 - (4) 9.98 m
- **159.** The energy equivalent of 0.5 g of a substance is:
 - (1) $1.5 \times 10^{13} \,\mathrm{J}$
 - (2) $0.5 \times 10^{13} \,\mathrm{J}$
 - (3) $4.5 \times 10^{16} \,\mathrm{J}$
 - (4) $4.5 \times 10^{13} \,\mathrm{J}$
- 160. When a uranium isotope $^{235}_{92}$ U is bombarded with a neutron, it generates $^{89}_{36}$ Kr, three neutrons and:
 - (1) $\frac{101}{36}$ Kr
 - (2) $^{103}_{36}$ K
 - (3) $^{144}_{56}$ Ba
 - (4) $^{91}_{40}$ Zr
- **161.** A short electric dipole has a dipole moment of 16×10^{-9} C m. The electric potential due to the dipole at a point at a distance of 0.6 m from the centre of the dipole, situated on a line making an angle of 60° with the dipole axis is:

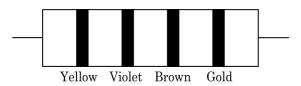
$$\left(\frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_0} = 9 \times 10^9 \text{ N m}^2/\text{C}^2\right)$$

- (1) 400 V
- (2) zero
- (3) $50 \mathrm{V}$
- (4) 200 V
- **162.** A cylinder contains hydrogen gas at pressure of 249 kPa and temperature 27°C.

Its density is: $(R = 8.3 \text{ J mol}^{-1} \text{ K}^{-1})$

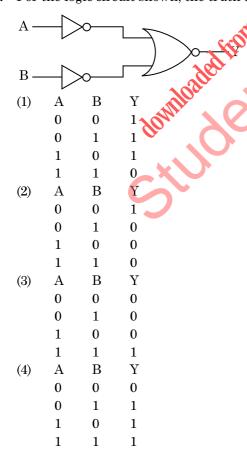
- (1) 0.1 kg/m^3
- (2) 0.02 kg/m^3
- (3) 0.5 kg/m^3
- (4) 0.2 kg/m^3

- $\begin{tabular}{ll} \textbf{163.} & The average thermal energy for a mono-atomic gas \\ is: (k_B is Boltzmann constant and T, absolute \\ temperature) \\ \end{tabular}$
 - $(1) \qquad \frac{5}{2} \, k_B T$
 - (2) $\frac{7}{2} k_{B}T$
 - (3) $\frac{1}{2} k_B T$
 - $(4) \qquad \frac{3}{2} \, k_B T$
- **164.** The color code of a resistance is given below:



The values of resistance and tolerance, respectively, are : $% \label{eq:control} % \label{eq:control}$

- (1) $4.7 \text{ k}\Omega, 5\%$
- (2) $470 \Omega, 5\%$
- (3) $470 \text{ k}\Omega, 5\%$
- (4) $47 \text{ k}\Omega, 10\%$
- **165.** For the logic circuit shown, the truth table is:



- 166. A resistance wire connected in the left gap of a metre bridge balances a 10 Ω resistance in the right gap at a point which divides the bridge wire in the ratio 3:2. If the length of the resistance wire is 1.5 m, then the length of 1 Ω of the resistance wire is:
 - (1) $1.5 \times 10^{-1} \,\mathrm{m}$
 - (2) $1.5 \times 10^{-2} \,\mathrm{m}$
 - (3) $1.0 \times 10^{-2} \,\mathrm{m}$
 - (4) $1.0 \times 10^{-1} \,\mathrm{m}$
- **167.** Find the torque about the origin when a force of 3j N acts on a particle whose position vector is 2k m.
 - (1) $-6\hat{i}$ N m
 - (2) $6 \stackrel{\wedge}{k} N m$
 - (3) $6\hat{i}$ N m
 - (4) $6\hat{i}$ N m
- 168. A wire of length L, area of cross section A is hanging from a fixed support. The length of the wire changes to L₁ when mass M is suspended from its free end. The expression for Young's modulus is:
 - $(1) \qquad \frac{\mathrm{MgL}}{\mathrm{AL}_1}$
 - $(2) \qquad \frac{MgL}{A(L_1-L)}$
 - $(3) \qquad \frac{\mathrm{MgL}_{1}}{\mathrm{AL}}$
 - $(4) \qquad \frac{Mg(L_1-L)}{AL}$
- 169. A 40 μF capacitor is connected to a 200 V, 50 Hz ac supply. The rms value of the current in the circuit is, nearly:
 - (1) 2.5 A
 - (2) 25.1 A
 - (3) 1.7 A
 - (4) 2.05 A
- **170.** A body weighs 72 N on the surface of the earth. What is the gravitational force on it, at a height equal to half the radius of the earth?
 - (1) 30 N
 - (2) 24 N
 - (3) 48 N
 - (4) 32 N

- 171. An electron is accelerated from rest through a potential difference of V volt. If the de Broglie wavelength of the electron is 1.227×10^{-2} nm, the potential difference is:
 - (1) $10^3 \, \text{V}$
 - (2) $10^4 \, \text{V}$
 - (3) 10 V
 - (4) $10^2 \,\mathrm{V}$
- 172. A ray is incident at an angle of incidence i on one surface of a small angle prism (with angle of prism A) and emerges normally from the opposite surface. If the refractive index of the material of the prism is μ , then the angle of incidence is nearly equal to:
 - (1) μA
 - (2) $\frac{\mu A}{2}$
 - (3) $\frac{A}{2\mu}$
 - (4) $\frac{2A}{\mu}$
- **173.** The solids which have the negative temperature coefficient of resistance are :
 - (1) semiconductors only
 - (2) insulators and semiconductors
 - (3) metals
 - (4) insulators only
- 174. In a certain region of space with volume 0.2 m^3 , the electric potential is found to be 5 V throughout. The magnitude of electric field in this region is:
 - (1) 1 N/C
 - (2) 5 N/C
 - (3) zero
 - (4) 0.5 N/C
- 175. Light with an average flux of $20 \, \text{W/cm}^2$ falls on a non-reflecting surface at normal incidence having surface area $20 \, \text{cm}^2$. The energy received by the surface during time span of 1 minute is :
 - (1) $24 \times 10^3 \,\mathrm{J}$
 - (2) $48 \times 10^3 \,\mathrm{J}$
 - (3) $10 \times 10^3 \,\mathrm{J}$
 - (4) $12 \times 10^3 \,\mathrm{J}$

176. The capacitance of a parallel plate capacitor with air as medium is 6 μF . With the introduction of a dielectric medium, the capacitance becomes 30 μF . The permittivity of the medium is:

$$(\epsilon_0 = 8.85 \times 10^{-12} \text{ C}^2 \text{ N}^{-1} \text{ m}^{-2})$$

- (1) $0.44 \times 10^{-10} \text{ C}^2 \text{ N}^{-1} \text{ m}^{-2}$
- (2) $5.00 \text{ C}^2 \text{ N}^{-1} \text{ m}^{-2}$
- (3) $0.44 \times 10^{-13} \text{ C}^2 \text{ N}^{-1} \text{ m}^{-2}$
- (4) $1.77 \times 10^{-12} \text{ C}^2 \text{ N}^{-1} \text{ m}^{-2}$
- 177. The energy required to break one bond in DNA is 10^{-20} J. This value in eV is nearly :
 - (1) 0.06
 - (2) 0.006
 - (3) 6
 - (4) 0.6
- 178. Dimensions of stress are:
 - (1) $[ML^0T^{-2}]$
 - (2) $[ML^{-1}T^{-2}]$
 - $(3) \qquad [MLT^{-2}]$
 - (4) $[ML^2T^{-2}]$
- 179. Two cylinders A and B of equal capacity are connected to each other via a stop cock. A contains an ideal gas at standard temperature and pressure. B is completely evacuated. The entire system is thermally insulated. The stop cock is suddenly opened. The process is:
 - (1) isochoric
 - (2) isobaric
 - (3) isothermal
 - (4) adiabatic
- **180.** The mean free path for a gas, with molecular diameter d and number density n can be expressed as:
 - $(1) \qquad \frac{1}{\sqrt{2} \, \operatorname{n}^2 \pi \operatorname{d}^2}$
 - (2) $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2} \text{ n}^2 \pi^2 \text{d}^2}$
 - (3) $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2} \text{ n}\pi d}$
 - (4) $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2} \text{ ngd}^2}$

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